Original Dpdated	Corrected Supplemental
LRB Number 09-4079/1	Introduction Number SB-478
Description Orders to commit state prison inmates to a mer	tal health facility
Fiscal Effect	
Appropriations Rev	ease Existing enues Tease Existing enues To absorb within agency's budget The services The properties of the properties
Permissive Mandatory Perr	5.Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Cities Counties Others School WTCS Districts Districts
Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PRS	Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations SEG SEGS
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature Date
DA/ Phil Werner (608) 267-2700	Harald Jordahl (608) 261-7520 1/29/2010

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DA 1/29/2010

LRB Number	09-4079/1	Introduction Number	SB-478	Estimate Type	Original
Description					
Orders to commit state prison inmates to a mental health facility					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Should this bill be enacted, prosecutors envision a small fiscal effect on their offices. Due to a shortage of data, it is difficult to provide an estimate.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Should this bill be enacted, prosecutors anticipate a small long-term fiscal effect on their offices; however, due to a lack of data, it is difficult to provide an estimate.

Original Updated	Corrected Supplemental			
LRB Number 09-4079/1	Introduction Number SB-478			
Description Orders to commit state prison inmates to a men	tal health facility			
Fiscal Effect				
Appropriations Reversible Propriations Pr	Increase Costs - May be possible to absorb within agency's budget			
Permissive Mandatory Perm 2. Decrease Costs 4. Decr	S.Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Citie Counties Others School WTCS Districts Districts			
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS				
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature Date			
DHS/ William Emslie (608) 266-5380	Andy Forsaith (608) 266-7684 2/9/2010			

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DHS 2/9/2010

LRB Number 09-4079/1	Introduction Number	SB-478	Estimate Type	Original
Description				
Orders to commit state prison inmates to a mental health facility				

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, the procedure to commit a person involuntarily to a mental health facility begins by filing a petition alleging that the person is mentally ill, drug dependent, or developmentally disabled, is a proper subject for treatment, and is dangerous. If these allegations are proven, the person may initially be committed for treatment for a period not to exceed six months, and any consecutive commitment order may not exceed 12 months.

In addition, a procedure to commit an inmate of a prison may begin under an alternative petition, which must allege all of the following: 1) that the inmate is mentally ill, is a proper subject for treatment, and is in need of treatment; 2) that the inmate is informed about his treatment needs; and 3) that less restrictive forms of treatment have been unsuccessful. If these allegations are proven, the inmate may be committed under this alternative petition for not more than 180 days in a 365 day period.

Inmates of a prison committed to a mental health facility under petition or an alternative petition receive treatment at the Wisconsin Resource Center (WRC) if they are male or on a forensic unit at Winnebago Mental Health Institute (WMHI) if they are female. Under current law, inmates committed to a mental health facility under an alternative petition must leave WRC to return to DOC at the end of six months. Often, they are recommitted to WRC after an additional six months to receive further treatment. This can often lead to inmates cycling through six-month periods of being on and off medications, resulting in an inefficient use of WRC psychiatry, social work, pharmacy, nursing, and management staff resources as well as the resources of the courts.

Under this bill, under the alternative petition, an inmate of a prison may initially be committed for treatment for a period not to exceed six months, and any consecutive commitment order may not exceed 12 months.

The bill will improve the efficiency and effectiveness of WRC and WMHI treatment programs by allowing inmates longer treatment stays at WRC and WMHI. However, it will not result in a net GPR savings or cost to DHS. To the extent that inmates involuntarily committed to a mental health facility under alternative petition are consecutively committed and therefore receive treatment for more than 180 days in a 365 day period, the length of stay for inmates receiving treatment at WRC and on forensic units at WMHI will increase. WRC is funded with GPR under s. 20.435 (2) (bm) and WMHI forensic units are funded with GPR under s. 20.435 (2) (b). However, these facilities and units currently operate at or near their treatment capacity, so GPR expenditures under s. 20.435 (2) (b) and s. 20.435 (2) (bm) will not increase under this bill.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2009 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental
LRB Number 09-4079/1	Introduction Nur	nber SB-478
Description Orders to commit state prison inmates to a m	nental health facility	
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for annualized fiscal effect):	State and/or Local Govern	ment (do not include in
II. Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fi	scal Impact on funds from:
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs
A. State Costs by Category		
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$	\$
(FTE Position Changes)		
State Operations - Other Costs		
Local Assistance		
Aids to Individuals or Organizations		
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	\$
B. State Costs by Source of Funds		
GPR		
FED		
PRO/PRS		
SEG/SEG-S		
III. State Revenues - Complete this only w revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in l	hen proposal will increase (icense fee, ets.)	or decrease state
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev
GPR Taxes	\$	\$
GPR Earned		
FED		
PRO/PRS		
SEG/SEG-S		
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$
NET ANNUA	LIZED FISCAL IMPACT	
	State	
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$0	
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$0	\$0
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
DHS/ William Emslie (608) 266-5380	Andy Forsaith (608) 266-768	2/9/2010

Original Dpc	lated	Supplemental
LRB Number 09-4079/1	Introduction Nu	mber SB-478
Description Orders to commit state prison inmates to	to a mental health facility	
Fiscal Effect		
State: No State Fiscal Effect Indeterminate Increase Existing Appropriations Decrease Existing Appropriations Create New Appropriations	Decrease Existing Revenues	rease Costs - May be possible absorb within agency's budget Yes No crease Costs
Permissive Mandatory		es of Local vernment Units Affected Towns Village Cities Counties Others School WTCS Districts
Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PR	Affected	Ch. 20 Appropriations
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
DOC/ Dustin Trickle (608) 240-5413	Robert Margolies (608) 240	0-5056 2/5/2010

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOC 2/5/2010

LRB Number 09-40	79/1	Introduction Number	SB-478	Estimate Type	Original	
Description					,	
Orders to commit state prison inmates to a mental health facility						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, prison inmates who are committed for mental health treatment under an alternative petition procedure under s. 51.20(1)(ar)WI Stats may not be committed for mental health treatment for a period exceeding 180 days in any 365-day period. Under this bill, an inmate may initially be committed for treatment for a period not to exceed six months, and any consecutive commitment order may not exceed 12 months.

In calendar year 2009, there were ninety-two Chapter 51 mental health commitments within the Department of Corrections. Of these, eleven were of the 51.20(1)(ar) type.

Under current law, if an inmate is committed under 51.20(1)(ar) for an initial 180 day term within a 365 day period, and the Department pursues re-commitment for an additional term within a separate 365 day period, an additional initial commitment hearing must be conducted for that new term. The provisions of this bill would allow immediate extension of an initial 6 month civil commitment term pending the outcome of a recommitment hearing, instead of requiring initial commitment hearings for each new 365 day period. The provisions of this bill may decrease workload in the form of reduced staff time devoted to preparation and participation at hearings related to re-commitment of inmates, as less staff time would be required for preparation and participation in re-commitment hearings. It is anticipated, however, that the decreased workload, would not have a significant impact on staff resources.

The number of inmates committed annually under Wis. Statute 51.20(1)(ar) varies from year to year and can't be predicted as each commitment is uniquely determined on a case by case basis. The Department is, therefore, unable to estimate a cost impact resulting from this proposed legislation.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Original Dupdated	Corrected Supp	plemental
LRB Number 09-4079/1	Introduction Number SB-47	78
Description Orders to commit state prison inmates to a men	ital health facility	
Fiscal Effect		
Appropriations Rev	ease Existing enues rease Existing enues Decrease Costs - May to absorb within ager Decrease Costs	
☐ No Local Government Costs ☐ Indeterminate 1. ☐ Increase Costs ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐ Perm 2. ☐ Decrease Costs 4. ☐ Decrease	5.Types of Local Government Units Affe Towns Villa Towns Other Counties Other School WTC Districts Dist	ige Cities ers CS
Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PRS	Affected Ch. 20 Appropria	tions
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
SPD/ Megan Christiansen (608) 267-0311	Krista Ginger (608) 264-8572	1/26/2010

Fiscal Estimate Narratives SPD 1/26/2010

LRB Number	09-4079/1	Introduction Number	SB-478	Estimate Type	Original
Description					
Orders to commit state prison inmates to a mental health facility					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The State Public Defender (SPD) is statutorily authorized and required to appoint attorneys to represent indigent defendants in criminal and certain commitment proceedings. The SPD plays a major role in ensuring that the Wisconsin justice system complies with the right to counsel provided by both the state and federal constitutions. Any legislation has the potential to increase SPD costs if it creates a new criminal offense, expands the definition of an existing criminal offense, or increases the penalties for an existing offense.

This bill does not provide for a new criminal offense, expand the definition of a criminal offense, or increase criminal penalties. The bill would make changes to the duration of certain commitment orders involving prison inmates. Because this change would have no effect on the number or duration of proceedings, there is no anticipated fiscal effect for the SPD.

Counties are also subject to increased costs when a new crime is created. There are some defendants who, despite exceeding the SPD's statutory financial guidelines, are constitutionally eligible for appointment of counsel because it would be a substantial hardship for them to retain an attorney. The court is required to appoint counsel at county expense for these defendants. However, there is no anticipated fiscal effect on the counties for appointment of counsel.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

None.